WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A photosensitive composition comprising (A-II) an onium salt having at least two cation parts in one molecule, (B-II) a compound having a polymerizable unsaturated group, and (C-II) a light-heat converting agent.
- A photosensitive composition according to claim
 further comprising (D) a binder.
- 3. A photosensitive composition according to claim 1, wherein the onium salt (A-II) is at least one selected from the group consisting of diazonium salts, iodonium salts, sulfonium salts, ammonium salts and phosphonium salts.
- 4. A photosensitive composition according to claim 1, wherein the onium salt (A-II) is at least one of the following general formulae (II) and (III):

General formula (II)

$$Ar^{1} \stackrel{|+}{\longrightarrow} R^{2}$$

$$X \stackrel{\cdot}{\longrightarrow} R^{3} \qquad R^{4} \qquad X \stackrel{\cdot}{\longrightarrow}$$

in the general formula (II), Ar¹ and Ar² each represents

independently an aromatic hydrocarbon having 6 to 18 carbon atoms, or a heterocyclic ring containing at least one hetero atom selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, and these may have at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an alkoxy group, a cyano group, a carbonyl group, an amino group, an amide group, a sulfonyl group, an alkyl group, an aryl group, an alkenyl group and a hydroxyl group; R¹ to R⁴ each represents independently a hydrogen atom, halogen atom, alkoxy group, cyano group, carbonyl group, amino group, amide group, sulfonyl group, alkyl group, aryl group, alkenyl group or hydroxyl group; and X⁻ represents a monovalent anion;

General formula (III)

$$Ar^3$$
 Ar^4
 Ar^6
 Ar^6
 Ar^6
 Ar^6

in the general formula (III), Ar³, Ar⁴, Ar⁵ and Ar⁶ each represents independently one of an aromatic hydrocarbon having 6 to 18 carbon atoms, and a heterocyclic ring

containing at least one hetero atom selected from nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, and these may have at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an alkoxy group, a cyano group, a carbonyl group, an amino group, an amide group, a sulfonyl group, an alkyl group, an aryl group, an alkenyl group and a hydroxyl group; R⁵ to R⁸ each represents independently a hydrogen atom, halogen atom, alkoxy group, cyano group, carbonyl group, amino group, amide group, sulfonyl group, alkyl group, aryl group, alkenyl group or hydroxyl group; and X⁻ represents a monovalent anion.

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- 5. A photosensitive composition according to claim 1, wherein a counter anion of the onium salt (A-II) is selected from the monovalent anion group consisting of sulfonate anions, carboxylate anions and saccharine conjugated bases.
- 6. A photosensitive composition according to claim 1, wherein the compound (B-II) is a compound having at least two end ethylenically unsaturated bonds.
- 7. A photosensitive composition according to claim 2, wherein the binder (D) is a linear organic polymer which is water-insoluble and alkali aqueous solution-soluble.
 - 8. A photosensitive composition according to claim

1, wherein the light-heat converting agent (C-II) is a dye represented by the following general formula (a):

General formula (a)

in the general formula (a), X^1 represents a hydrogen atom, halogen atom, $-NPh_2$, X^2-L^1 or a group shown below; X^2 represents an oxygen atom or sulfur atom; and L^1 represents a hydrocarbon group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, an aromatic ring having a hetero atom, or a hydrocarbon group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms containing a hetero atom, and the hetero atom denotes N, S, O, halogen atom or Se,

formula

$$-N_{+}$$

wherein R^1 and R^2 each represents independently a hydrocarbon group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms.

9. A heat mode compatible planographic printing

plate precursor comprising a substrate having disposed thereon a recording layer containing the photosensitive composition according to claim 1.